



IoT and OpenNMS

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Image: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Internet_of_things

Contents



- General discussion of IoT
- MQTT
- OpenNMS IoT Plugin
- Use Cases



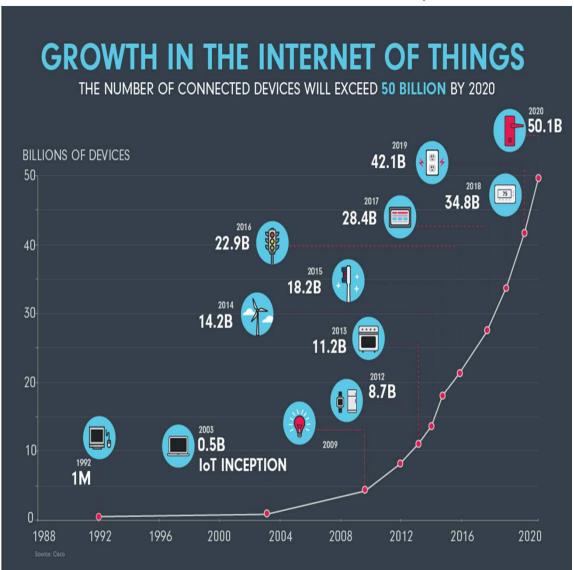
IoT Definition



- The Internet of Things is :
- "simply the point in time when more 'things or objects' were connected to the Internet than people" (cisco)
- 'Fog Computing'
- Cisco Systems estimates that IoT was "born" between 2008 and 2009, with the things/people ratio growing from 0.08 in 2003 to 1.84 in 2010.

Dave Evans (April 2011). "The Internet of Things: How the Next Evolution of the Internet Is Changing Everything" (PDF). CISCO white paper.

https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en_us/about/ac79/docs/innov/loT_IBSG_0411FINAL.pdf

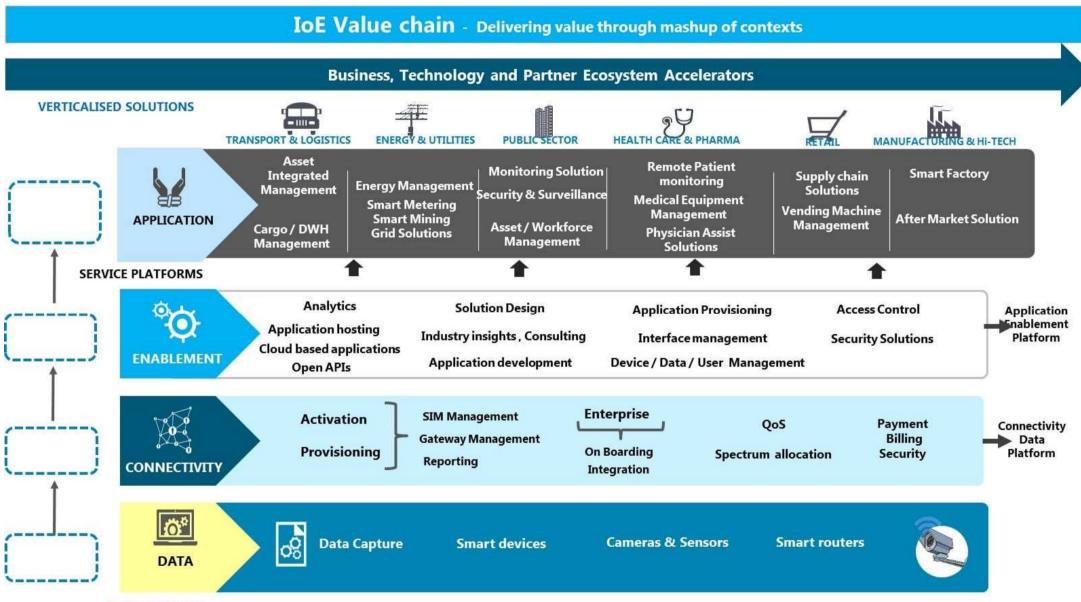


https://www.ncta.com/whats-new/the-internet-of-things-continues-transform-the-way-we-live

Emerging IoT Ecosystem

SERVICE LAYERS

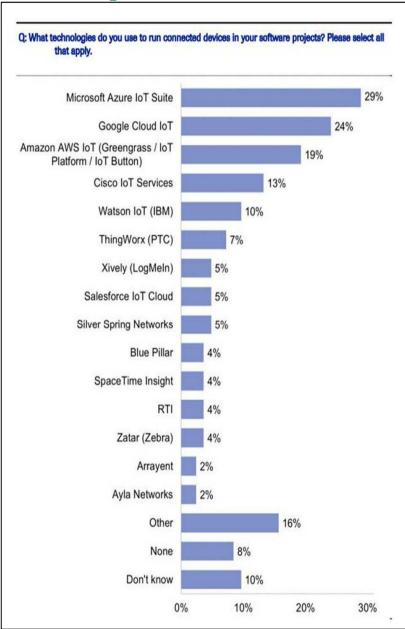


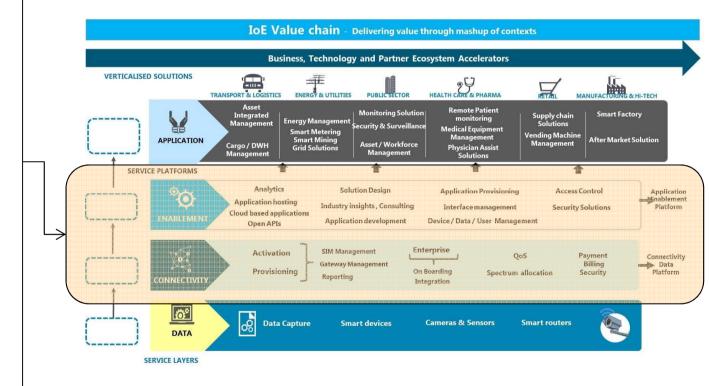


Source: TM Forum Internet of Everything

IoT platforms - Big Players







- https://www.forbes.com/sites/louiscolumbus/2018/06/06/10-charts-that-will-challenge-your-perspective-of-iots-growth/#2883e1fa3ecc
- Cowen Software Developer Survey, Getting In On The Ground Floor: Surveying Software Developers On Key Tech Trends, September

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Other Open Source IoT Platform Stacks



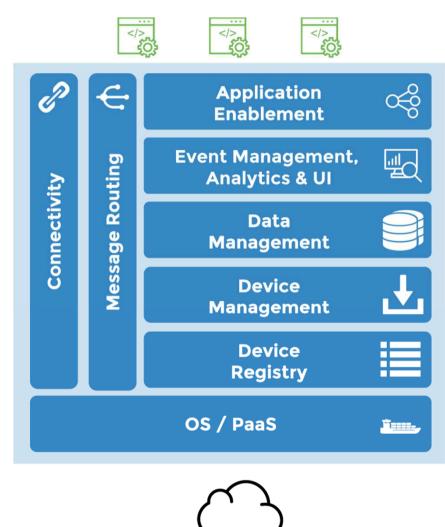
Eclipse OM2M

is an IoT Platform specific for the telecommunication industry, based on the oneM2M specification. https://www.eclipse.org/om2m/

Eclipse Kapua

is a modular platform providing the services required to manage IoT gateways and smart edge devices. Kapua provides a core integration framework and an initial set of core IoT services including a device registry, device management services, messaging services, data management, and application enablement.

https://www.eclipse.org/kapua/





IOT CLOUD PLATFORM

Complex and difficult to deploy single purpose platforms

Where could OpenNMS fit?

www.opennms.co.uk

- 1. A solution for IoT Systems Monitoring
 - Already monitoring large IoT Systems
 - Sensus wireless IoT networks in UK
- 2. OpenNMS as a Platform for IoT Applications

VERTICALISED SOLUTIONS



Applications Visualisation



SERVICE PLATFORMS



Data Storage Processing
Alerting
Analytics Security



Connectivity Wifi / LTE / 5G / LoRaWan







CONNECTIVITY

DATA

SERVICE LAYERS







- Big Data IoT
- 11M smart electric/gas meters UK
- 100,000 Smart Water Meters London (Thames Water)
 - Long Tail of
 Applications with a relatively small numbers of sensors

OpenNMS could find a role in the long tail of applications proven and (relatively) simple to deploy solution

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The IoT protocol MQTT



MQTT (Message Queuing Telemetry Transport)

 Andy Stanford-Clark of IBM and Arlen Nipper of Cirrus Link authored the first version of the protocol in 1999

OASIS Standard MQTT v3.1.1

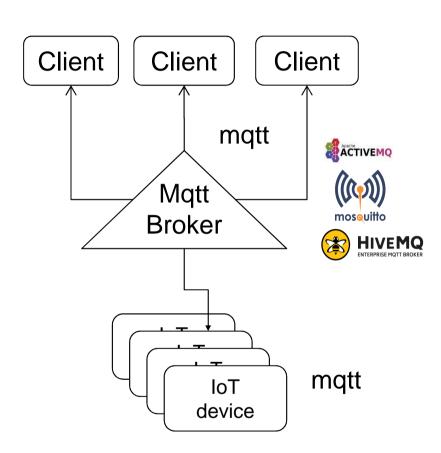
- http://docs.oasis-open.org/mqtt/mqtt/v3.1.1/os/mqttv3.1.1-os.html
- ISO standard (ISO/IEC PRF 20922)

Design criteria

- It is designed for connections with remote locations where a "small code footprint" is required or the network bandwidth is limited.
- Can work on top of LaRaWan, Zigbee, Wifi etc.

Details

- A publish-subscribe-based messaging protocol requiring a broker
- Built on TCP/IP and can use TLS (secure sockets).
- Application Message : Topic, Qos, Payload



MQTT Message



MQTT Message contains <Client Id>< Topic >< QoS (0,1,2) >< Payload >

MQTT QoS

- QoS 0: At most once delivery
 - The message is delivered according to the capabilities of the underlying network.
 No response is sent by the receiver and no retry is performed by the sender. The message arrives at the receiver either once or not at all.
- QoS 1: At least once delivery
 - This quality of service ensures that the message arrives at the receiver at least once. (But may receive duplicates)
- QoS 2: Exactly once delivery
 - This is the highest quality of service, for use when neither loss nor duplication of messages are acceptable

Client Identification and authentication

- MQTT Client id
- Username, Password and / or Certificate (e.g. Amazon IoT)

MQTT Topic

Www.opennms.co.uk

Topic Name:

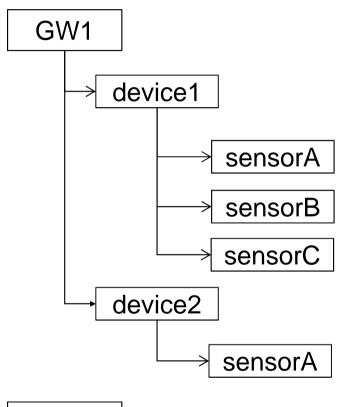
- The label attached to an Application Message which is matched against the Subscriptions known to the Server. The Server sends a copy of the Application Message to each Client that has a matching Subscription.
- Topics follow a hierarchy defined by a Topic level separator '/' e.g GW1/device1/sensorA etc

Topic Filter:

- An expression contained in a Subscription, to indicate an interest in one or more topics. A Topic Filter can include wildcard characters.
 - Multi-level wildcard #
 - Single level wildcard +

— Examples

- GW2/# selects all messages from GW2
- GW1/device1/+/ selects all messages from any sensor under device 1
- GW1/+/sensorA selects all sensorA messages from any device under GW1



GW2

Contents



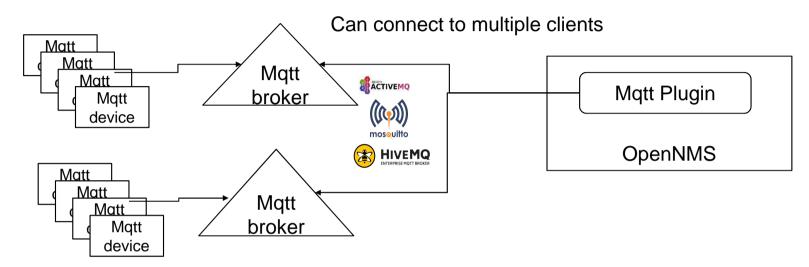
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OpenNMS MQTT Plugin



Stand alone OSGi plugin which drops into OpenNMS 22



- Code : https://github.com/gallenc/opennms-mqtt-plugin
- Installation
 - mvn clean install
 - drop opennms-mqtt-plugin/kar-package/target//opennms-mqtt-plugin.kar into <OpenNMS>/deploy
 - Add <opennms>/etc/mqtt-interface-config.xml
 - Example config file
 - https://github.com/gallenc/opennms-mqtt-plugin/blob/master/main-module/mqtt-interface-config.xml
 - Example configurations for message parsing in unit tests
 - https://github.com/gallenc/opennms-mqtt-plugin/tree/master/main-module/src/test/resources

— There is a docker compose project with complete configuration opennms, cassandra, helm and mqtt plugin

Summary – OpenNMS MQTT



- Simple to install plugin just drop into <deploy> directory and add config file
- Can connect (and reconnect) to multiple MQTT Brokers
 - Username / Password, TLS authentication
- Can automatically add Nodes discovered through MQTT
 - With foreign source and foreign id from Topic path or payload data
 - Add GIS coordinates to inventory
- Can subscribe to filtered topics
 - PMc178e3c2.6637eiot-2/type/mosquitto/id/00-08-00-4A-4F-F6/evt/datapoint/fmt/json
 - PMc178e3c2.6637eiot-2/type/mosquitto/id/#
- Can choose how to handle filtered topics with different configurations
 - Events or Data or Both
 - PMc178e3c2.6637eiot-2/type/mosquitto/id/+/evt/datapoint/fmt/jso
 - PMc178e3c2.6637eiot-2/type/mosquitto/id/+/evt/events/fmt/jso
- Can parse multiple payloads

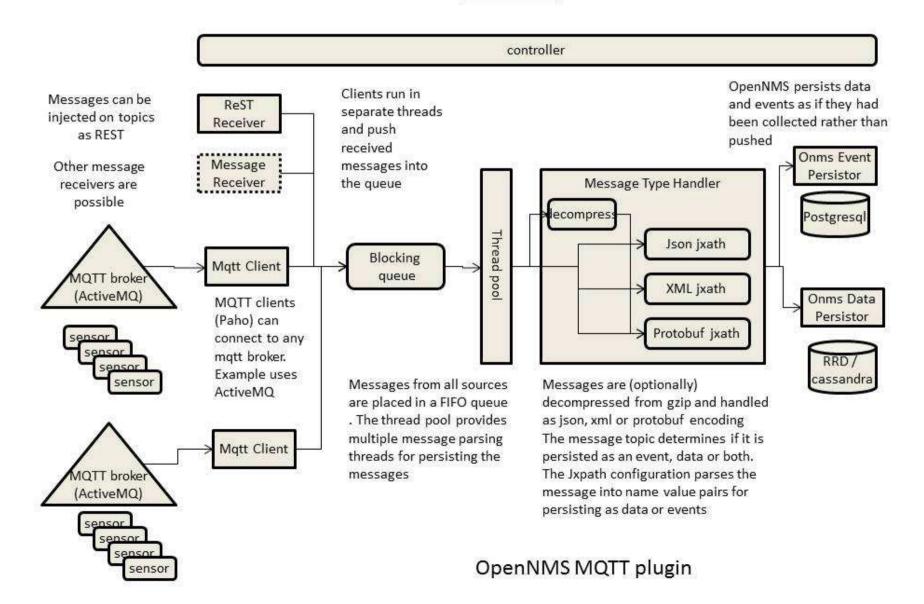
Compressed, uncompressed, JSON / XML / CSV (Future Protobuf)

How it works



Controller reads XML configuration and sets up all of the components

XML Config



Basic Structure of Configuration



<opennms>/etc/ mqtt-interface-config.xml

<mqtt-receiver > <createMissingNodes>true</createMissingNodes> <createDummyInterfaces>true</createDummyInterfaces> <createNodeAssetData>true</createNodeAssetData> <messageDataParsers> <messageDataParser> <messageDataParser> </messageDataParsers> <messageEventParsers> </messageEventParsers> <mqttClients> </mgttClients> </mgtt-receiver>

if true new nodes will be created for messages referencing an unknown node

--> if true a dummy interface will also be created when the node is created

if true asset information will be copied to the node asset table when the node is created. this particularly applies to latitude and longitude if defined in the message

configuration for data parsers – many parsers can be defined for different topic filters

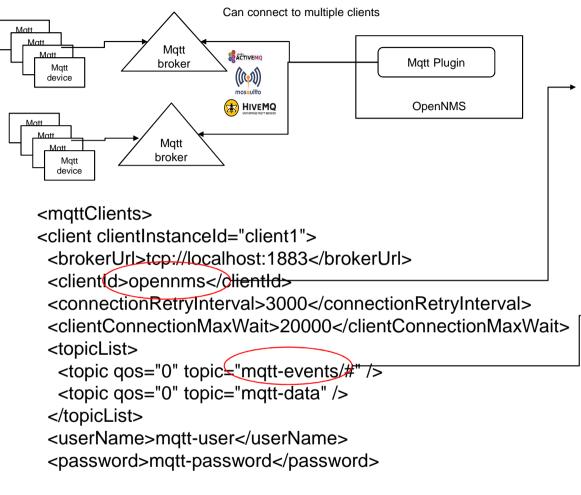
configuration for event parsers – many parsers can be defined for different topic filters

configuration for clients. Many clients can be defined which connect to multiple topic filters

See https://github.com/gallenc/opennms-mqtt-plugin/blob/ba2138bf8aa9d731dbbb5ede7bed440b0ee0256f/mqtt-docker-compose/etc-overlay/mqtt-interface-config.xml

Setting up the connection





- The **clientinstanceld** identifies the client in OpenMS and must be unique
- the clientid must be unique for a given mqtt broker
 - the clientConnectionMaxWait tetermins the time the client will wait for the broker to respond before abandoning a connection attempt
 - the connectionRetryInterval is the interval before the client will try again to connect after failing to connect previously
 - the topic list determines which topics the client will subscribe to once it has established a connection
 - The subscribed topic can also be a filter e.g. topic="/+/foo/#
- If you are using TLS you must provide both certificate and key files. If both are omitted from the configuration TLS will not be used
- with AMAZON IoT, the certificate and key files can be generated for you. These are tied to a specific client id and IoT end point

<certificateFile>put absolute path to certificate.pem file here</certificateFile>
 <privateKeyFile>put absolute path to private.key file here</privateKeyFile>

 </mqttClients>

Message Data parsers



message data parsers define how data messages are converted to metrics to be stored in RRD's or Cassandra by OpenNMS

subscriptionTopics defines which topic messages will be passed to this parser. Can be a filter many messageDataParsers can be defined but only one per topic although events can also be driven off the same topic)

payloadType determines how the payload is parsed; JSON, XML, PROTOBUF or TEXT.

foreignSource defines the foreign source to be used when referencing or creating a new node

compression determines the processing of compressed messages GZIP, UNCOMPRESSED, AUTOMATIC_GZIP (tries to guess if gzip compressed - small chance of false positives)

<messageDataParsers>

<messageDataParser foreignSource="mqtt" payloadType="JSON" compression="UNCOMPRESSED">

```
<subscriptionTopics>
  <topic>mqtt-data</topic>
     to match data topic PMc178e3c2.6637eiot-2/type/mosquitto/id/00-08-00-4A-4F-F6/evt/datapoint/fmt/json
  <topic>PMc178e3c2.6637eiot-2/type/mosquitto/id/+/evt/datapoint/fmt/json</topic>
</subscriptionTopics>
  <xml-groups>
  </xml-groups>
  </messageDataParser>
     Similar JXPATH configuration to Alejandro's XM
```

Similar JXPATH configuration to Alejandro's XML data collector

</messageDataParsers>

Example Complex Payload



```
"zones": [ {
 "zone" : {
  "id" : 0,
  "name": "global"
  "timestamp" <1299258888.
  "parameter" : [
   { "key" : "nproc", "value" : "245" },
   { "key" : "nlwp", "value" : "1455" },
   { "key" : "pr size", "value" : "2646864" },
   { "key" : "pr_rssize", "value" : "1851072" },
   { "key" : "pctmem", "value" : "0.7" },
   { "key" : "pctcpu", "value" : "0.24" }
                         <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
                          <xml-groups xmlns="http://xmlns.opennms.org/xsd/config/xml-datacollection">
                           <xml-group name="solaris-zone-stats" resource-type="solarisZone"</pre>
 {"zone" : {
                           resource-xpath="/zones/zone" key-xpath="@name" timestamp-xpath="@timestamp"
  "id": 871,
                           timestamp-format="">
  "name" : "zone1",
                            empty format indicates simple timestamp from epoch (Date.toString())
                            <xml-object name="zoneName" type="string" xpath="@name" />
                            <xml-object name="timestamp" type="string" xpath="@timestamp" />
                            <xml-object name="nproc" type="GAUGE" xpath="parameter[@key='nproc']/@value" />
  Note each zone in
                            <xml-object name="nlwp" type="GAUGE" xpath="parameter[@key='nlwp']/@value" />
  array generates
                            <xml-object name="pr size" type="GAUGE" xpath="parameter[@key='pr size']/@value" />
  own data set
                            <xml-object name="pr_rssize" type="GAUGE" xpath="parameter[@key='pr_rssize']/@value" />
                            <xml-object name="pctmem" type="GAUGE" xpath="parameter[@key='pctmem']/@value" />
                            <xml-object name="pctcpu" type="GAUGE" xpath="parameter[@key='pctcpu']/@value" />
                           </ml>
                          </ml-groups>
```

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Extracting Node Id from Topic path



```
Example Laurawan MQTT payload Herb Garcia Insitu Systems, Inc.
note $topicLevels[5] == 00-08-00-4A-4F-F6 (note starts at 1)
6/15/2018, 6:25:59 PMc178e3c2.6637eiot-2/type/mosquitto/ld/00-08-00-4A-4F-F6/evt/datapoint/fmt/json
: msg.payload : Object
  "d": {
    "light": 462,
   "moisture": 97.34025.
    "temperature": 29.8125,
    "x_acc": 0.1875,
    "v acc": 0.375,
    "z_acc": 0.8125
                         <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
                         <xml-groups xmlns="http://xmlns.opennms.org/xsd/config/xml-datacollection">
                          <xml-group name="laurawan" resource-type="laurawan" resource-xpath="/*"</p>
                         key-xpath="$topicLevels[5]">
                            <xml-object name="light" type="GAUGE" xpath="@light" />
                            <xml-object name="moisture" type="GAUGE" xpath="@moisture" />
                            <xml-object name="temperature" type="GAUGE" xpath="@temperature" />
                            <xml-object name="x acc" type="GAUGE" xpath="@x acc" />
                            <xml-object name="y acc" type="GAUGE" xpath="@y acc" />
                            <xml-object name="z acc" type="GAUGE" xpath="@z acc" />
                          </ml>
                         </ml>
```

Message Event Handling



message event parsers follow the same pattern as message data parsers. however the Xpath defines which name value pairs are saved as params in the resulting opennms events

```
<messageEventParsers>
 <messageEventParser foreignSource="$topicLevels[5]" payloadType="JSON" compression="UNCOMPRESSED">
  <subscriptionTopics>
   <topic>iot/type/mosquito/id/+/device/+/app/opennms/fmt/json</topic>
  </subscriptionTopics>
It is possible to specify a specific uri to associate with this event
 if ueiRoot is not specified then a default generic value is used
  <ueiRoot>uei.opennms.org/plugin/MgttReceiver/laurawan</ueiRoot>
    <ns2:xml-groups xmlns="http://xmlns.opennms.org/xsd/config/xml-datacollection">
       <ns2:xml-group name="laurawan" resource-type="laurawan" resource-xpath="/metrics" key-xpath="$topicLevels[7]"</pre>
         timestamp-xpath="@timestamp" timestamp-format="yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSSSSS">
       <ns2:xml-object name="gweui" type="string" xpath="@gweui" />
       <ns2:xml-object name="deveui" type="string" xpath="@deveui" />
      if ueiRoot is specified and in addition, the xml-group contains a definition labled "UEI SUFFIX"
      then the value UEI_SUFFIX parsed from the message context will be appended to the ueiRoot
      to form a message specific uei. Thus if the following line is added
       <ns2:xml-object name="UEI_SUFFIX" type="string" xpath="@deveui" />
      the generated event uei will be
      uei.opennms.org/plugin/MqttReceiver/laurawan/{@deveui value}
       </ns2:xml-group>
```

```
</ns2:xml-groups>
 </messageEventParser>
</messageEventParsers>
```

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Case Study – Monitoring Tailings

www.opennms.co.uk

- Herb Garcea Insitu Systems, Inc.
- www.insitusys.com







Mine tailings

- are the ore waste of mines, and are typically a mud-like material. Worldwide, the storage and handling of tailings is a major environmental issue. Many tailings are toxic and must be kept perpetually isolated from the environment.
- https://www.nps.gov/articles/aps-v13-i2-c8.htm
- Series: Alaska Park Science Volume 13 Issue 2: Mineral and Energy Development Long-term Risk of Tailings Dam Failure

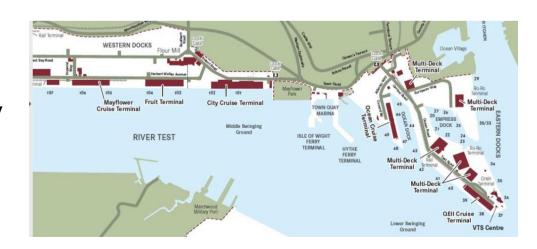


Case Study Southampton Air Pollution Monitoring



- The UK's number one cruise port, which welcomes 1.7m passengers
- Each ship up to 6000 passenger and crew
- Ship turn around 1-2 days
- Increasing problem of air pollution due to generators running while ships in port
- http://www.solentairwatch.co.uk/
 - Community air monitoring project
 - Not for profit charity run by Southampton volunteers
 - Monitor Sniffy version 1
 - https://github.com/SolentAirWatch/sniffy
 - Raspberry Pi Zero
 - Low cost laser Smoke detector
 - Ruggedized container
 - Founder Dr Joshua Taylor





Case Study Receiving Amazon CloudWatch data via Amazon IoT

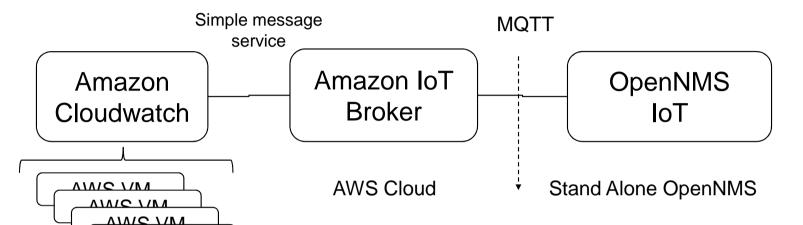


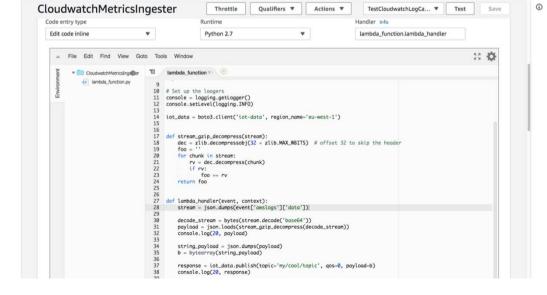




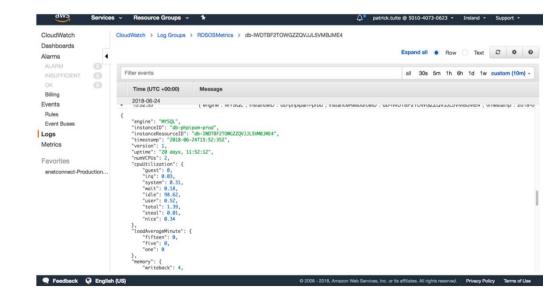


With Patrick Tuit





AWS VM



IoT Device Platforms Investigation



Benjamin Horton Solent Uni



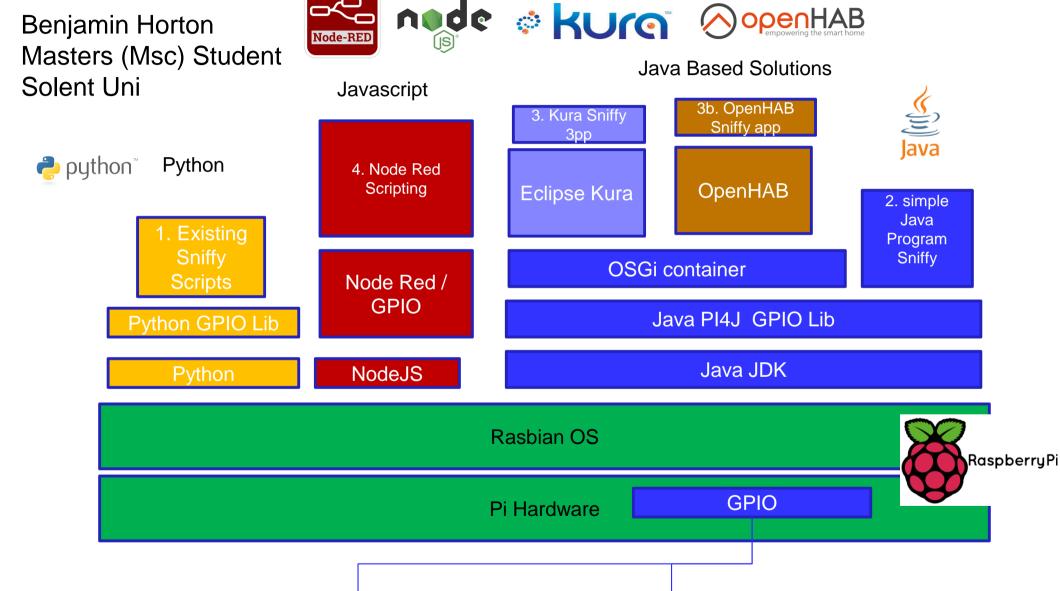
SENSORS





SENSORS





Summary



- OpenNMS now has a very credible IoT story
 - Data collection Cassandra and Elastic Search
 - Drift streaming protocols
 - Minions
 - New MQTT plugin
- MQTT plugin still a prototype but appears to work well
 - There is a docker compose project ©
- Please spread the word
- Try the plugin yourself
- Give us feedback as to what to do next



Thanks for listening

Questions?